Montana Association of Clerk and Recorders and Election Administrators (MACR) SAVA Interim Committee Presentation September 14, 2017

Absentee/Mail Ballot Processing
Ballot Security
Training
Assistive Voting Devices

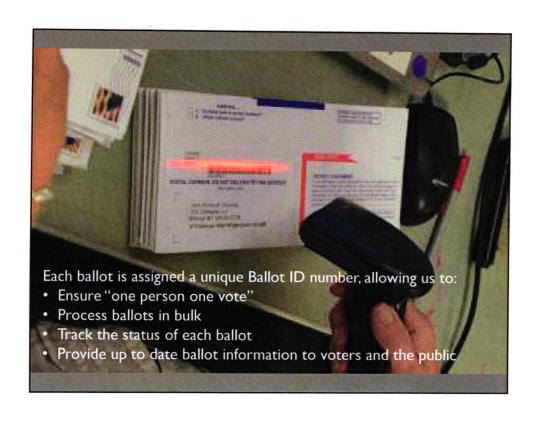
Absentee/Mail Ballot Processing

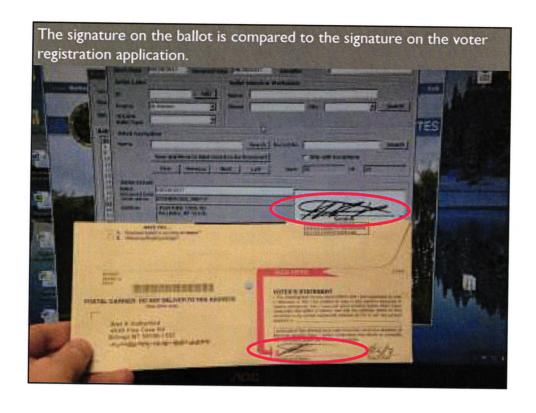
# 13-13-241, MCA - 13-13-245, MCA

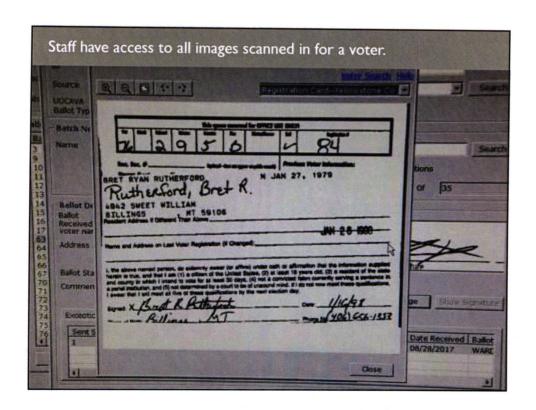
Montana law describes how absentee ballots are handled, providing a framework for:

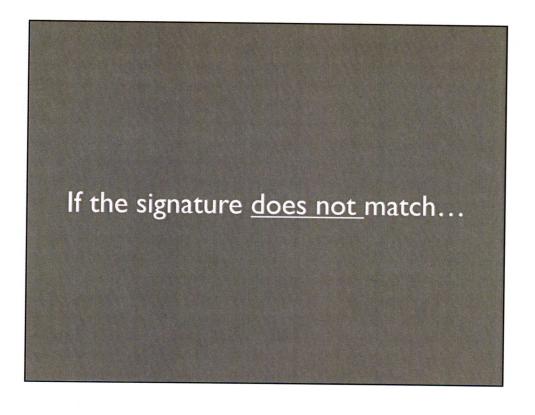
- Verifying signatures
- Handling ballots where the signature is not verified
- Removing the ballot from the secrecy and signed return envelope

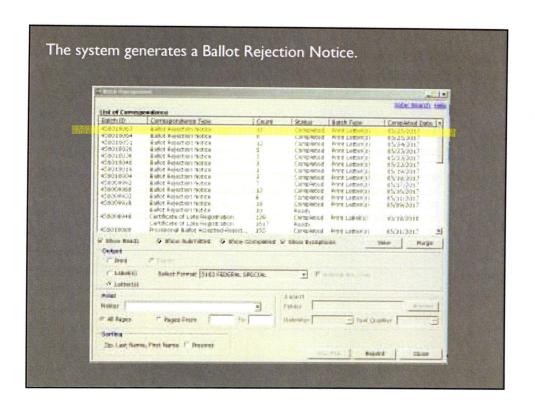
Similar procedures are used across the state; however there are some county-level variations.

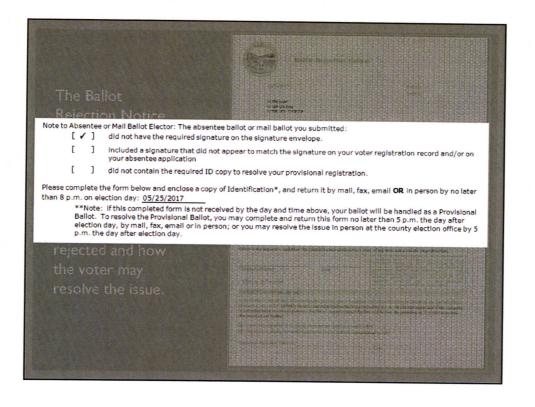




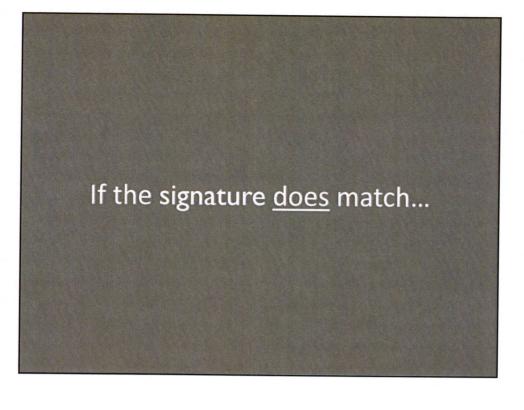


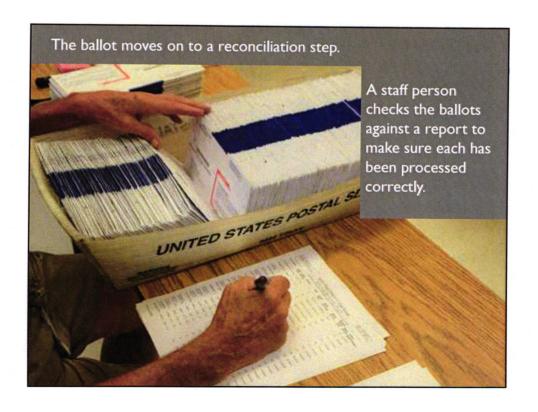


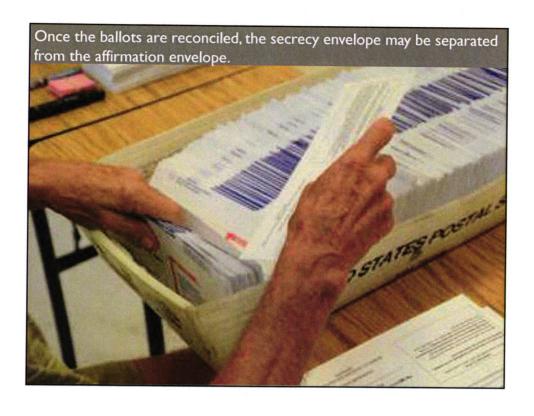


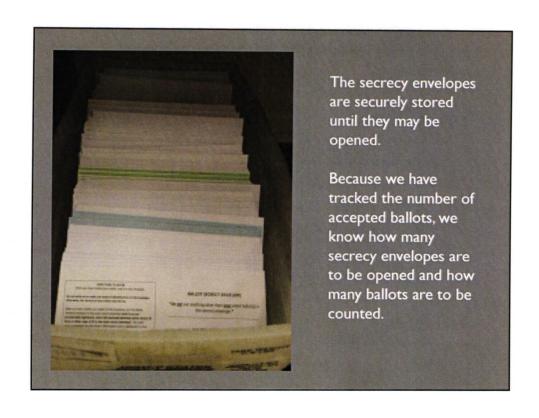




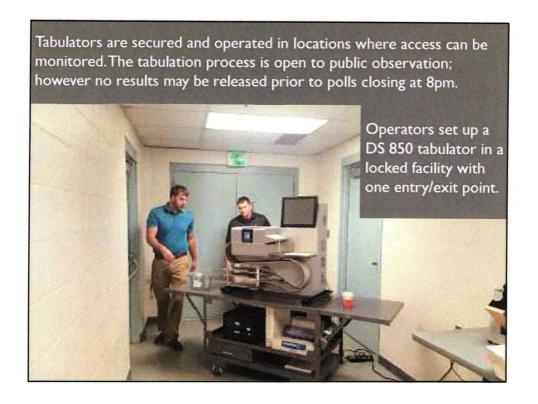


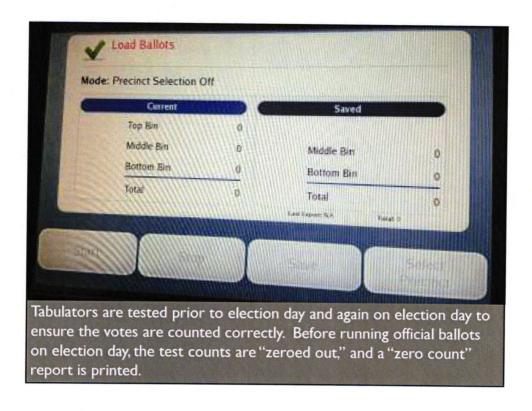


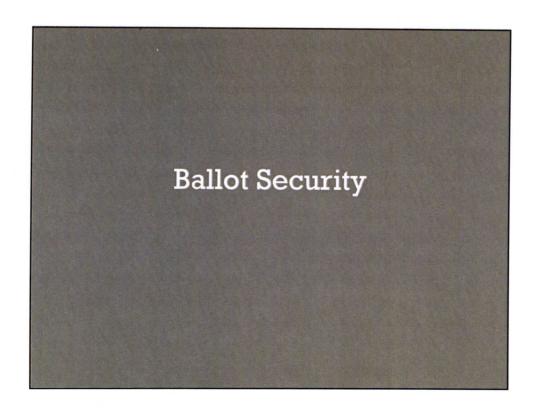




On, or one day before, election day, the secrecy envelopes containing the ballots are opened. The ballots must be back-folded and flattened before they are run through the tabulating equipment.







The Secretary of State provides a Uniformed Ballot & Voting Systems Procedures Guide with best practices for securing ballots and voting systems.

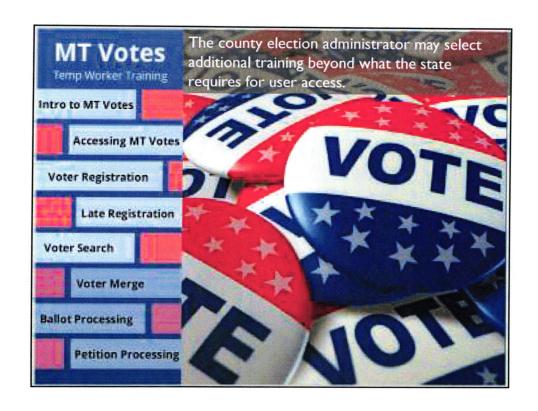
Common security practices include:

- Inventory Control
- Video Recording Systems
- Lock and Key/Alarm Systems
- Security Seals
- Chain of Custody Logs
- Security Officers/Buddy System

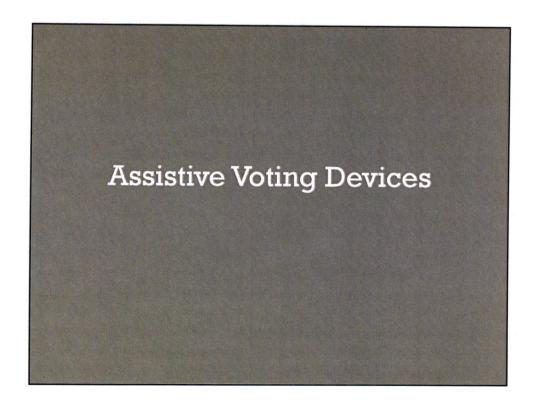
Practices vary by county depending on office layout.

Training

Montana law requires training for election administrators and election judges. Election judge training is based off of the Election Judge Handbook produced by the Secretary of State's office. **Election Administrators Election Judges** Provided by Secretary of Provided by Election Certification State Administrator **Training** Required every 2 years Required every 2 years 6 hours of continuing education required per year Additional May be required at Election **Training** Administrator's discretion Must be approved by Secretary of State Relevant 13-1-203, MCA 13-4-203, MCA Statutes







## **Background**

- Federal law requires us to provide assistive voting devices at every polling place.
- The device must allow a voter with a disability to independently cast a ballot.
- Montana counties currently provide AutoMARKs, a product made by ES&S.
- The AutoMARKs were purchased with federal grant money.

## Today

- The AutoMARKs are over 11 years old.
- ES&S has developed a replacement technology, but it produces a ballot that does not meet current statutory requirements, and is not certified by the State of Montana for use.
- Other options may be available, but so far none meet Montana's legal requirements.
- Compared to the rest of the country, Montana has a small voting population. We do not have the market force to drive new technology.

# Questions?

## Election Observation Opportunities

Many counties will be conducting municipal elections on November 7, 2017.

Call your county election administrator to find out if they are having a November 7 election, and to schedule a time to observe.